The main ideas we shared:

1. **Fallow land cultivation**
   23,680 NHG members have started farming in 10,536 acres of fallow land associating with Grama Panchayaths, Agriculture Department and MGN-REGS. Kudumbashree ADS system can identify uncultivated lands in ward level and the CDS system can compile the same in Panchayath level. Kudumbashree farming groups could be entrusted for doing cultivation in the fallow lands identified in the panchayath level. As of now, 65,610 Kudumbashree women farmers are...

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**Kudumbashree for Subiksha Keralam**

We had already explained about the convergences made by Kudumbashree for Subiksha Keralam Programme in Making an Impact Article-244. After that, we thought more about making further interventions in this programme. We thought about introducing multiple convergences and projects. Kudumbashree can make convergences with the Local Self Government Institutions in various sectors. We suggested ideas with the heads of the LSGIs, that could be implemented by converging with Kudumbashree for Subiksha Kerala Programme.
doing organic farming in 201 clusters in more than 13000 acres of land. As fallow lands are more suitable for organic farming, Kudumbashree organic farming groups could be used for extending organic farming in the fallow land available in the panchayaths. The service of the Kudumbashree Cluster Level Coordinators (CLC) who got various training in organic farming could also be used.

2. Value Addition units
If the empowerment of the value addition units is aimed at panchayath level as part of the Subiksha Keralam Programme, the Kudumbashree value addition units presently functioning in the Panchayath level could be considered. If new value addition units would be started, there are Kudumbashree farming groups who got trained in the same. Arrangements could be made for arranging opportunities for them to start this enterprise. As of now, there are 117 medium scale value addition units and 320 small scale value addition units are functioning under Kudumbashree.

3. Animal Husbandry, Aqua Farming
If Aqua Farming programme would be implemented in Panchayath level with the help of the Fisheries Department, Kudumbashree groups or individuals who got the training of the Fisheries Department could be given primary preference. If egg farming, egg procurement, distribution, cattle rearing, milk procurement, production of milk products, its sale etc would be launched in the Panchayath as part of Subhiksha Programme, Kudumbashree farmers who find their livelihood through such animal husbandry activities could be made part of the programme.

4. Food Security Programmes
The main aim of the Subiksha Programme is to ensure food security. Kudumbashree farming groups are playing a key role in producing increased food crops. The important food crops cultivated by Kudumbashree include tubers, vegetables, vegetables, plantain, paddy etc. So, as per the special interest of the Panchayath, they can cultivate any type of food crops. And self sustainability in food security could be attained through this. Launching a Seed Bank of the indigenous seeds is a programme that leads to agricultural prosperity in panchayath level. Kudumbashree farmers can support such projects. Kudumbashree farmers who had been farming for several years would have with them the collection of indigenous seeds that would have almost gone extinct and are of high quality. Promoting farming using such seeds would pave the way for cultivation in tune with nature. When formulating programmes such as farming in the yards, kitchen gardens, terrace farming etc in ward/panchayath level, that would lead to the food security of a home, the participation of all Kudumbashree members in the panchayath could be ensured through CDS. (Bakshya Suraksha Bhavanam was the programme im-